

Long-time behaviour for discretization schemes of the Fokker-Planck equation via couplings

A. Jüngel^a, and *K. Schuh*^a

^a Institute of Analysis and Scientific Computing, TU Wien, Austria.

In this talk we construct continuous-time Markov chains associated to finite-volume discretization schemes of Fokker-Planck equations and establish sufficient conditions under which we show quantitative exponential decay in the ϕ -entropy and Wasserstein distance. The decay in ϕ -entropy implies modified logarithmic Sobolev, Poincaré, and discrete Beckner inequalities. The results are not restricted to additive potentials and do not rely on discrete Bochner-type identities. The proof for the ϕ -decay relies on a coupling technique due to Conforti [1], while the proof for the Wasserstein distance uses the path coupling method.

References:

- [1] G. Conforti. A probabilistic approach to convex (ϕ) -entropy decay for Markov chains. *Ann. Appl. Probab.* 32 (2022), 932–973.
- [2] A. Jüngel, K. Schuh. Long-time behavior for discretization schemes of Fokker–Planck equations via couplings. *Discrete and Continuous Dynamical Systems - B*, 2026, 38: 1-31.